

Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF (Stock Code: 3070)

(A Sub-Fund of Ping An of China Trust as an umbrella unit trust under Hong Kong Law)

Annual Report

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Manager





ANNUAL REPORT

Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

- (A Sub-Fund of Ping An of China Trust as an umbrella unit trust under Hong Kong Law)
- 31 December 2017

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

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IMPORTANT:

This report is available in English only.

Any opinion expressed herein reflects the Manager's view only and are subject to change. For more information about the Sub-Fund, please refer to the prospectus of the Sub-Fund which is available at our website: http://asset.pingan.com.hk

Investors should not rely on the information contained in this report for their investment decisions.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Manager

Ping An of China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited Suite 2301 23rd Floor Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance street, Central Hong Kong

Directors of the Manager

Tung Hoi Chan Tak Yin Chang Jack P (Resigned on 14 March 2017) Chow Woon San Shirley (Resigned on 6 January 2017) Yao Jason Bo (Resigned on 14 March 2017)

Yao Jun (Resigned on 14 March 2017)

Wan Fang (Resigned on 14 March 2017) Cai Fangfang (Resigned on 14 March 2017) Chai Chi Kit (Appointed on 12 April 2018)

Trustee, Custodian and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Service/Conversion Agent

HK Conversion Agency Services Limited 1st Floor, One & Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place, Central Hong Kong

Legal Adviser to the Manager

Simmons & Simmons 13th Floor, One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

Former Auditor (before 28 December 2017)

Ernst & Young 18th Floor, Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street, Central Hong Kong Yu Wenjie (Resigned on 14 March 2017)
Huang Yong (Resigned on 14 March 2017)
Gao Peng (Resigned on 14 March 2017)
Tan Sin Yin (Resigned on 14 March 2017)
Lau Chun Fai (Appointed on 14 March 2017 and resigned on 12 April 2018)
Choy Siu Kam David (Appointed on 14 March 2017)
Zhuang Yan (Appointed on 14 March 2017)
Li Wen (Appointed on 14 March 2017)
WONG Chak Kei Jack (Appointed 23 April 2018)

New Auditor (effective from 28 December 2017)

PricewaterhouseCoopers 21st Floor, Edinburgh Tower 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Participating Dealers

ABN AMRO Clearing Hong Kong Limited Level 70, International Commerce Centre 1 Austin Road West of Kowloon

Chief Securities Limited 14th Floor, Manyee Building, 68 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong

Credit Suisse Securities (Hong Kong) Limited 88th Floor, International Commerce Centre 1 Austin Road West, Kowloon Hong Kong

J.P. Morgan Broking (Hong Kong) Limited 22nd Floor, Chater House 8 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

Phillip Securities (Hong Kong) Limited 11th Floor, United Centre 95 Queensway Hong Kong

China Merchants Securities (HK) Co., Limited 48th Floor, One Exchange Square, Central Hong Kong

Citigroup Global Markets Asia Limited 50th Floor, Citibank Tower, Citibank Plaza 3 Garden Road, Central Hong Kong

Goldman Sachs (Asia) Securities Limited 68th Floor, Cheung Kong Center 2 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Merrill Lynch Far East Limited 15th Floor, Citibank Tower 3 Garden Road, Central Hong Kong

UBS Securities Hong Kong Limited 52nd Floor, Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street, Central Hong Kong

Haitong International Securities Company Ltd 22nd Floor, Li Po Chun Chambers, 189 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

(a Sub-Fund of Ping An of China Trust)

(Stock Code: 3070)

Introduction

Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF (the "HK Dividend ETF"), is a sub-fund of the Ping An of China Trust (the "Trust") and commenced trading under the stock code 3070 on the SEHK on 15 February 2012. The HK Dividend ETF is a Hong Kong unit trust authorized pursuant to section 104 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the laws of the Hong Kong SAR). It is an index-tracking fund, which seeks to track the performance of the CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index (the "HK Dividend Index").

In order to achieve the investment objective, the HK Dividend ETF intends to primarily adopt a replication strategy to track the performance of its underlying index. The HK Dividend ETF will directly invest in substantially all of the constituent Securities of the underlying index ("Index Shares") in substantially the same weightings (i.e. proportions) as these Index Shares have in the underlying index.

Performance of the HK Dividend ETF

The HK Dividend ETF aims to generate an investment return before fees that closely correspond to the performance of its underlying index denominated in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") by primarily adopting a replication strategy. As at 29 December 2017, the NAV per unit of the HK Dividend ETF was HK\$31.6074 and the total outstanding units were 4,000,000. The total size of the HK Dividend ETF was approximately HK\$126.430 million.

A summary of the performance of the HK Dividend ETF is given below:

Performance (As at 31 December 2017)	1-Month	3-Month	6-Month	2017		Since Inception ##
CSI HK Dividend Index#	4.64%	4.78%	18.49%	48.01%	-1.30%	65.20%
NAV of the HK Dividend ETF	2.52%	2.52%	18.09%	48.42%	-1.22%	65.07%

Notes:

Fund performance is calculated without dividend reinvested

#Index performance is based on price return.

##Inception date is 10 Feb 2012, with an initial issue price of HK\$19.1482 per unit.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS (continued)

Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

(a Sub-Fund of Ping An of China Trust)

(Stock Code: 3070)

Dividend Distribution History of the HK Dividend ETF

Dividend Distribution History of the I	11 21/10/110 211
Ex-date	Dividend per unit
29 Jun 2012	HKD 0.27
14 Dec 2012	HKD 0.28
28 Jun 2013	HKD 0.32
13 Dec 2013	HKD 0.34
27 Jun 2014	HKD 0.34
12 Dec 2014	HKD 0.48
26 Jun 2015	HKD 0.19
11 Dec 2015	HKD 0.52
24 Jun 2016	HKD 0.21
9 Dec 2016	HKD 0.52
30 Jun 2017	HKD 0.25
8 Dec 2017	HKD 0.50

Activities of the Underlying Index

Review of the HK Dividend Index was conducted on the 2nd Friday of December each year. As at 31 December 2017, the HK Dividend ETF was comprised of all 30 constituent stocks in the index.

Notes:

- 1. Past performance figures shown are not indicative of the future performance of the HK Dividend ETF.
- 2. An investor cannot invest directly in the underlying index and the index returns do not reflect management fees, transaction costs or other expenses, which will reduce performance returns.
- 3. Units in the HK Dividend ETF are issued and redeemed at NAV and its returns are calculated from NAV. The HK Dividend ETF does not publish a bid price.

Ping An of China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited 30 April 2018

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of the Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF (a Sub-Fund of Ping An of China Trust) has, in all material respects, managed the Sub-Fund in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed dated 19 April 2010, as amended by supplemental deed dated 28 April 2010, 4 October 2011, 1 February 2012 and 14 December 2017 (together the "Trust Deed"), for the year ended 31 December 2017.

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 30 April 2018

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE

Manager's Responsibilities

The Manager of the Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF (a Sub-Fund of Ping An of China Trust) is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Securities & Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC Code") and the Trust Deed dated 19 April 2010, as amended by supplemental deed dated 28 April 2010, 4 October 2011, 1 February 2012 and 14 December 2017 (together the "Trust Deed") to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund at the end of that period and of the transactions for the period then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to assume this.

The Manager of the Sub-Fund is also required to manage the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Ping An of China Trust (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its Trust Deed. As at 31 December 2017, Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF, the Sub-Fund of the Trust, is trading in the SEHK.

Trustee's Responsibilities

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Fund in all material respects are managed in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period should the Manager of the Sub-Fund not managing the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Independent Auditor's Report To the Unitholders of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF (the "Fund") set out on pages 11 to 41, which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017;
- the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of distribution for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) To the Unitholders of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter identified in our audit is summarised as follows:

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
Existence and valuation of financial assets	We tested the existence of the financial assets by obtaining direct confirmations from the Fund's
The Fund's financial assets of HK\$126 million as at	custodians, and agreeing the Fund's holdings of
31 December 2017 comprised listed equities in	financial assets to the respective confirmations.
Hong Kong. These financial assets were measured	
at fair value.	We tested the valuation of the financial assets by comparing the pricing used by the Fund as at 31
We focused on the existence and valuation of the financial assets because the financial assets	December 2017 to external pricing sources.
represented the principal element of the Fund's net asset value.	Based on the above procedures, no material exceptions were identified.

Other Information

The manager and the trustee (the "Management") of the Fund are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) To the Unitholders of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Management of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management of the Fund is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Management of the Fund is required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed dated 19 April 2010, as amended (the "Trust Deed") and the Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code").

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) To the Unitholders of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Management, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Matters under the Relevant Disclosure Provisions of the Trust Deed and the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Wong Kin Lap.

PricewaterhouseCoopersCertified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 30 April 2018

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or			
loss	11	125,960,956	85,220,552
Dividend receivable		76,154	104,723
Cash and cash equivalents	12	733,048	207,301
TOTAL ASSETS		126,770,158	85,532,576
CURRENT LIABILITIES		=======================================	
Management fee payable	6	57,840	40,462
Trustee fee payable	6	37,000	37,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6	254,017	276,242
TOTAL LIABILITIES		348,857	353,704
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO			
UNITHOLDERS	13	126,421,301 ====================================	85,178,872
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	13	4,000,000	4,000,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT		31.61	21.29

Signed for and on behalf of:

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited As the Trustee Ping An of China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited As the Manager

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 HK\$		2016 HK\$
INCOME	Notes	ПКФ		пкф
Dividend income		5,488,820		4,797,826
Other income	6	140		53
Net changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value	· ·	110		33
through profit or loss	5	40,792,046	(1,605,032
Net exchange (losses)/gains		(296)		1,911
		46,280,710		3,194,758
EXPENSES				
Management fee	6	(599,657	(482,612
Trustee fee	6	(444,000	(642,000
Transaction fee	6	(309,476	(127,509
Accounting and professional fee	6	(197,652	`	206,252
Audit fee		(172,771	,	152,316
Safe custody and bank charges	6	(58,787	,	49,793
Index licensing fee		(103,677		90,172
Other operating expenses		(6,045	(3,363
		(1,892,065		1,754,017
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		44,388,645		1,440,741
TAXATION	9	(146,216		117,833
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		44,242,429		1,322,908

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD		85,178,872	97,012,364
Payment on redemption of units - In-kind - Cash component and cash redemption	7	- -	(10,206,985) (29,415)
Net decrease from unit transactions		-	(10,236,400)
Total comprehensive income for the year Distribution to unitholders	10	44,242,429 (3,000,000)	1,322,908 (2,920,000)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the year end		126,421,301	85,178,872

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

STATEMENT OF DISTRIBUTION

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note		2017 HK\$		2016 HK\$
Total comprehensive income for the year			44,242,429		1,322,908
Less: Net unrealised fair value change on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(5,951,944)		5,735,958
Undistributed income before distribution			38,290,485		7,058,866
Interim distribution distributed on 12 July 2017 (HK\$0.25 per unit)	10	(1,000,000)		-
Interim distribution distributed on 7 July 2016 (HK\$0.21 per unit)	10		-	(840,000)
Final distribution distributed on 20 December 2017 (HK\$0.50 per unit)	10	(2,000,000)		-
Final distribution distributed on 21 December 2016 (HK\$0.52 per unit)	10		-	(2,080,000)
Transfer to capital		(35,290,485)	(4,138,866)
Undistributed income at the year end		===	- -	===	- -

The Manager of the Sub-Fund may, in its absolute discretion, distribute income to Unitholders at such time or times as it may determine in each financial year or determine that no distribution shall be made in any financial year. The amount to be distributed to Unitholders, if any, will be derived from the net income of the relevant Index Fund. For the year ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, the Sub-Fund paid distributions out of the net income of the Sub-Fund. No amount payable to unitholders in respect of any distribution shall bear interest.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 HK\$		2016 HK\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax		44,388,645		1,440,741
Adjustments for: Dividend income		(5,488,820)	(4,797,826)
(Increase)/decrease in financial assets at fair value through		38,899,825	(3,357,085)
profit or loss Increase/(decrease) in management fee payable		(40,740,404) 17,378	(1,321,770 4,397)
Decrease in trustee fee payable Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(22,225)	(33,000) 131,974)
Cash used in operations		(1,845,426)	(2,204,686)
Dividend received Taxation paid		5,517,389 (146,216)	(4,756,858 117,833)
Net cash flows from operating activities		3,525,747		2,434,339
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash component paid on redemption of units Distribution paid		(3,000,000)	(29,415) 2,920,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,000,000)	(2,949,415)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		525,747	(515,076)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		207,301		722,377
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	12	733,048	==:	207,301
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement of financial position and the statement of cash flows	12	733,048	==:	207,301

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

1. THE TRUST

Ping An of China Trust (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its the trust deed dated 19 April 2010, as amended by supplemental deed dated 28 April 2010, 4 October 2011, 1 February 2012 and 14 December 2017 (together the "Trust Deed") and authorised by the Securities & Futures Commission of Hong Kong (The "SFC") pursuant to Section 104(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Authorisation by the SFC does not imply official approval or recommendation.

On 4 May 2011, the Trust has established a Sub-Fund and has established the other three Sub-Funds on 10 February 2012 and on 28 December 2017, the Trust has established another new Sub-Fund namely, Ping An of China CSI 5-10Y CGB ETF (each a separate Sub-Fund of the Trust and referred to individually as the "Sub-Fund" or collectively as the "Sub-Funds"). As at 31 December 2016, two of the five Sub-Funds, namely Ping An of China CSI HK Mid Cap Select ETF and Ping An of China CSI RAFI HK50 ETF, their financial statements are separately reported upon their termination on 30 December 2016. Ping An of China CSI RAFI A-Share 50 ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), which was one of the five Sub-Funds, was terminated on 30 June 2016. The Sub-Fund that is reported under this financial statement is as follows:

Name of the Sub-Fund
Listing Date on the stock exchange of Hong Kong Limited (The "SEHK")
Codes
Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF
Listing Date on the stock exchange codes
15 February 2012

The manager of the Trust is Ping An of China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Company Limited (the "Manager") and the trustee is HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee"). The Trustee and the Manager (the "Management") of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements.

Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index, which measures the performance of high dividend yield securities in the Hong Kong market by selecting the 30 securities with high dividend yield, stable dividend payment and good liquidity. The Sub-Fund directly invests in the constituent securities of CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index. The underlying index does not have China A share or B share constituent stocks.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB"), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB and the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions specified in Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds of the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong.

The financial statements have been prepared under a historical cost convention, except for financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss, that have been measured at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest Hong Kong dollar except where otherwise indicated.

The presentation of certain comparatives have been updated to conform with the current year presentation.

The preparation of financial statements in uniformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Management to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

The Sub-Fund has adopted the following amendments to IFRS for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 7 Disclosure Initiative

IAS 7 – Disclosure Initiative – Amendments to IAS 7

Amendments to IAS 7 were issued in June 2016 and require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The amendments will result in additional disclosure to be provided in the financial statements. These amendments do not have significant impact on the Sub-Fund.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Sub-Fund has not applied the following relevant new and revised IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective, in these financial statements.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement

In September 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces IAS 39 and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Sub-Fund will adopt the new standard from 1 January 2018. The Sub-Fund expects that the adoption of IFRS 9 would not have significant impact on the classification and measurement of the Sub-Fund's financial assets.

IFRS 9 must be applied for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2018. The Sub-Fund will apply the new rules retrospectively from 1 January 2018, with the practical expedients permitted under the standard. Comparatives for 2017 will not be restated.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial instruments

(a) Classification

The Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities into the categories below in accordance with IAS 39.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition: these include equity securities and debt instruments that are not held for trading. These financial assets are designated upon initial recognition on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets, which are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with risk management and investment strategies of the Sub-Fund (note 15). This category includes listed equity securities.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Classification (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Sub-Fund includes in this category amounts relating to cash and cash equivalent and other short-term receivables.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities includes financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities measures at effective interest method. The Sub-Fund includes in this category amounts relating to amount due to unitholders, management fee payable, custodian, fund administration and trustee fee payable, accrued liabilities and other short-term payables.

(b) Recognition

The Sub-Fund recognises a financial asset or financial liability when, and only when, they become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Sub-Fund commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

(c) Initial measurement

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables and financial liabilities (other than those classified as designated as at fair value through profit or loss) are measured initially at their fair value plus any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

(d) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Sub-Fund measures financial instruments, which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net unrealised fair value change on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss". Dividend earned of such instruments are recorded separately in "Dividend income".

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities, other than those classified as at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, as well as through the amortisation process.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Sub-Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments, but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

(e) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised (i.e. removed from the statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Sub-Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass through" arrangement; and either (a) the Sub-Fund has transferred substantially all the risks or rewards of the asset, or (b) the Sub-Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but have transferred control of the asset.

When the Sub-Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When the Sub-Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Sub-Fund continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Sub-Fund's continuing involvement. In that case, the Sub-Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Sub-Fund has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Sub-Fund could be required to repay.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement

The Sub-Fund measures its derivative financial instruments and equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Sub-Fund. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Sub-Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, management will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Sub-Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

An analysis of fair values of financial instruments and further details as to how they are measured are provided in note 14 to the financial statements.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Sub-Fund assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets classified as loans and receivables is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors, is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and, observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Sub-Fund first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Sub-Fund determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Sub-Fund.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to other expenses in profit or loss.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Sub-Fund's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Redeemable units

Redeemable units are classified as equity instruments when:

- The redeemable units entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Sub-Fund's net assets in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation.
- The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments.
- All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features.
- The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata share of the Sub-Fund's net assets.
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument
 are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change
 in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund over the life of
 the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all the above features, the Sub-Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets
 or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund
 and
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable unitholders.

The Sub-Fund's redeemable units meet the criteria of puttable instruments classified as equity instruments under the revised IAS 32.

The Sub-Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features or meet all the conditions set out to be classified as equity, the Sub-Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognised in equity. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Sub-Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

Upon issuance of redeemable units, the consideration received is included in equity.

Transaction costs incurred by the Sub-Fund in issuing of its own equity instruments are accounted for as a deduction from equity to the extent that they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Redeemable units (continued)

Own equity instruments that are reacquired are deducted from equity and accounted for at amounts equal to the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale issuance or cancellation of Sub-Fund's own equity instruments.

Amounts due to and due from broker

Amounts due to brokers are payables for securities purchased (in a regular way transaction). Amounts due from brokers include margin accounts and receivables for securities sold (in a regular way transaction) that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered as at the reporting date.

Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Dividend income and expense

Dividend income is recognised when the Sub-Fund's right to receive the payment is established. Dividend income is presented gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which are presented separately in profit or loss. Dividend expense relating to equity securities sold short is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive the payment is established.

Net change in unrealised gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This item includes changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and excludes interest and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments, which were realised in the reporting period.

Net realised gains or losses on disposal of financial investment

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount, or cash payments or receipts made on derivative contracts (excluding payments or receipts on collateral margin accounts for such instruments).

Foreign currency translation

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the Sub-Fund are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or transaction of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Transactions during the period, including purchases and sales of securities, income and expenses, are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Distribution to unitholders

Distribution is subject to the discretion of the Sub-Fund's Manager. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Manager of the Sub-Fund.

Taxation

The Sub-Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding taxes in profit or loss. Withholding taxes are shown as a separate item in profit or loss.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Fund if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Fund;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Fund; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Fund or of a parent of the Sub-Fund;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Sub-Fund are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Fund are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Fund or an entity related to the Sub-Fund;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii)a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii)the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Fund or to the parent of the Sub-Fund.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Sub-Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and their accompanying disclosures recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liabilities affected in the future.

Functional currency

The Management considers Hong Kong dollar to be the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effect of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The Hong Kong dollar is the currency in which the Sub-Fund measures its performance and reports its results, as well as the currency in which the Sub-Fund determines the net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. This determination also considers that the Sub-Fund is listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and its shares are quoted in Hong Kong dollars.

Taxation

In preparing these financial statements, the Management has made certain assumptions and used various estimates concerning the tax exposure which is dependent on what might happen in the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results.

5. NET CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Net changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprises of net change in unrealised gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net realised gains or losses on disposal of financial investment.

	2017	2016
	HK\$	HK\$
Net realised gains on financial assets at fair value		
through profit or loss	34,840,102	4,130,926
Net unrealised fair value change on financial assets at	5 051 044	(5.725.050)
fair value through profit or loss	5,951,944	(5,735,958)
Net changes in fair value of financial assets at fair		
value through profit or loss	40,792,046	(1,605,032)
	=========	=========

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund and the Trustee, Manager and their connected persons. Connected persons of the Manager of the Sub-Fund are those as defined in the "SFC Code". All Transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund and the Manager and its Connected Persons were carried out in the normal course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Fund does not have any other transactions with Connected Persons except for those disclosed below:

Management fee

The Manager of the Sub-Fund is entitled to receive a fee, calculated at an annual rate of 0.55% on the net asset value of Sub-Fund at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. The management fee for the year ended 31 December 2017 was HK\$599,657 (2016: HK\$482,612). As at 31 December 2017, a management fee of HK\$57,840 (2016: HK\$40,462) was payable to the Manager of the Sub-Fund.

Fee and charges paid to the Trustee/Custodian and its Connected Persons/Related Parties

Safe custody fee and bank charges pertain to the amount charged by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC") to Sub-Fund as safe keeping fees. The safe custody fee and bank charges for the year ended 31 December 2017 were HK\$58,787 (2016: HK\$49,793). As at 31 December 2017, no safe custody fee (2016: Nil) was payable to the Trustee by the Sub-Fund.

Trustee fee

The Trustee is entitled to receive a trustee fee, to be accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. The Trustee fee is calculated as a percentage per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the rate of 0.14% per annum for the first HK\$800 million of the net asset value, 0.12% per annum for the next HK\$800 million of the net asset value, and 0.10% per annum for the remaining balance of the net asset value, and is currently subject to a monthly minimum of HK\$37,000 (Prior to 1 July 2016: HK\$70,000). The Trustee is also entitled to an inception fee of HK\$80,000 for the establishment of the Sub-Fund.

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, the Trustee may, after consulting the Manager of the Sub-Fund, on giving not less than three (3) months' written notice to the relevant unitholders (or such shorter notice as the SFC approve), increase the rate of the trustee fee payable in respect of the Sub-Fund up to or towards the maximum rate of 1% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund accrued daily and calculated as at each Dealing Day and payable monthly in arrears.

The trustee fee for the year ended 31 December 2017 was HK\$444,000 (2016: HK\$642,000) for the Sub-Fund. As at 31 December 2017, a trustee fee of HK\$37,000 (2016: HK\$37,000) was payable to the Trustee by the Sub-Fund.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

Transaction costs on investment

The Sub-Fund utilises the trading services with brokers with a broker commission charge at average rate of 0.1% (10 bps) on the sale and purchase of each security acquired for the account of the Sub-Fund. Also, 0.1% stamp duty is payable on the sale and purchase of each security. The commission will be adjusted from time to time on the sale and purchase of the securities. The Sub-Fund did not enter into any transactions with any related broker for the year ended 31 December 2017 and for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Transaction handling fees

The Trustee is also entitled to transaction handling fee per transaction for the Sub-Fund. The Transaction handling fee for the year ended 31 December 2017 was HK\$13,939 (2016: HK\$16,018) for the Sub-Fund and included under Transaction fee in the financial statements. As at 31 December 2017, a transaction fee of HK\$13,954 (2016: HK\$11,671) was payable to the Trustee by the Sub-Fund and included under Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the financial statements.

Accounting fee

The Sub-Fund also utilises the accounting services from the Trustee. Accounting fee paid to the Trustee for the year ended 31 December 2017 was HK\$85,726 (2016: HK\$85,369) by the Sub-Fund and included under Accounting and professional fee in the financial statements. As at 31 December 2017, an accounting fee of HK\$46,913 (2016: HK\$46,531) was payable to the Trustee by the Sub-Fund and included under Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the financial statements.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Sub-Fund invests in the group company of the Trustee, i.e. HSBC Holding Plc and these balances are summarised below:

	20	17	201	6
	Holding Shares	Market Value	Holding Shares	Market Value
		HK\$		HK\$
HSBC Holdings Plc	156,263	12,493,227	143,463	8,930,572

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6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

Net assets attributable to unitholders held by the Manager of the Sub-Fund

As of the years ended 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016, no units of the Sub-Fund were held by the Manager of the Sub-Fund.

Unit transactions with the Manager of the Sub-Fund were as follows:

Percentage of Total	Approximate Total	
Transactions	Trading Volume	
(based on trading	(based on trading	Currency
units)	units)	

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Sub-Fund

Ping An of China CSI HK

Dividend ETF HK\$ -

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Sub-Fund

Ping An of China CSI HK

Dividend ETF HK\$ 700,405 37.63%

Bank balance

Bank balances are maintained with a group company of the Trustee, i.e. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which carry interest at normal commercial rates. These balances are summarised below:

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking	ПКФ	Πιφ
Corporation Limited	733,048	207,301

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

Interest Income

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Sub-Fund earned HK\$140 (2016: HK\$53) as interest income from a group company of the Trustee, i.e. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited.

Interest expense

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Sub-Fund incurred no interest expenses (2016: Nil) from a group company of the Trustee, i.e. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited.

7. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Subscription

During the year ended 31 December 2017 and 2016, there was no subscription for the Sub-Fund.

Redemption

During the year ended 31 December 2017, there is no redemptions for the Sub-Fund.

During the year ended 31 December 2016, The Sub-Fund had redeemed 500,000 units in exchange for a basket of equity securities of the Sub-Fund's underlying index shares and/or non-index shares valued at a total of HK\$10,206,985 plus the relevant cash component included in the statement of cash flows.

8. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager of the Sub-Fund (and its Connected Persons) has not received any soft commissions or entered into any soft commission arrangements in relation to directing transactions of the Sub-Fund through a broker or dealer. The Manager of the Sub-Fund (and its Connected Persons) has not retained any cash rebates from any broker or dealer.

9. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong profit tax has been made for the Sub-Fund as the dividend income and realised gain on disposal of investment of the Sub-Fund is excluded from the charge to profits tax under Section 14, Section 26 or Section 26A of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

Withholding tax

A 10% PRC withholding tax has been levied on dividend and interest payments from PRC companies to foreign investors. As such, the brokers will pass on this tax liability to the Sub-Fund in the form of a withholding tax and therefore, the Sub-Fund is subject to a withholding tax of 10%. The Manager of the Sub-Fund considers that there is no assurance that the rate of the withholding tax will not be changed by the PRC tax authorities in the future.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

10. **DISTRIBUTIONS**

The Manager of the Sub-Fund may in its absolute discretion distribute income to unitholders at such time or times as it may determine in each financial year or determine that no distribution shall be made in any financial year. The amount to be distributed to unitholders, if any, will be derived from the net income of the Sub-Fund.

The distributions made by the Sub-Fund for the year ended 31 December 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	2016
	HK\$	HK\$
Interim distribution distributed on 12 July 2017 (HK\$0.25 per unit) Interim distribution distributed on 7 July 2016 (HK\$0.21 per unit)	1,000,000	840,000
Final distribution distributed on 20 December 2017 (HK\$0.50 per unit) Final distribution distributed on 21 December 2016	2,000,000	-
(HK\$0.52 per unit)	-	2,080,000
	3,000,000	2,920,000

11.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss		
		2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
	Equities: Equity securities, at fair value	125,960,956	85,220,552 =======
12.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
	Cash at bank	733,048	207,301

The cash at bank held with a group company of the Trustee, i.e. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which carry interest at normal commercial rates.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

13. THE REDEEMABLE UNITS

	2017 HK\$	2016 HK\$
Units in issue at the beginning of the year Redemption of units	4,000,000	4,500,000 (500,000)
Units in issue at the end of the year	4,000,000	4,000,000
Net asset value (in accordance with Sub-Fund's Trust Deed)	126,421,301	85,178,872
Net asset value per unit (in accordance with Sub-Fund's Trust Deed)	31.6053	21.2947

The creation and redemption of units of the Sub-Fund can only be facilitated by or through Participating Dealers. Investors other than the Participating Dealers make a request to create or redeem units through a Participating Dealer, and if the investor is a retail investor, such request must be made through a stockbroker, which has opened an account with a Participating Dealer.

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund shall receive subscription proceeds from the Participating Dealers for the creation of units and pay redemption proceeds for the redemption of units to the relevant Participating Dealer in such form and manner as prescribed by the Trust Deed.

Units are denominated in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$) and no fractions of a unit shall be created or issued by the Trustee of the Sub-Fund.

Units of the Sub-Fund is offered and issued at their dealing net asset value only in aggregation of a specified number of application units generally in exchange of equity securities included in their underling indexes (Index Shares constituting the relevant basket) together with the payment of a cash component.

Units are redeemable only in an application unit or multiple thereof, in exchange for portfolio securities and cash components at the dealing net asset value. Normally, creation and redemption of units will be effected "in kind". Creation/redemption applications in cash may only be effected at the Manager's discretion under certain circumstance.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

14. INVESTMENT LIMITATION AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE

The SFC Code allows the Sub-Fund to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value provided that:

- (a) the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the index; and
- (b) the Sub-Fund's holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the index, except where weighting are exceeded as a result of changes in the composition of the index and the excess is only transitional and temporary in nature.

According to the prospectus dated 10 February 2012, as updated by adding the addendums dated 28 May 2012, 28 December 2012, 1 February 2013, 5 June 2013, 4 September 2013, 9 September 2013, 4 October 2013, 17 March 2014, 25 March 2014, 25 Apr 2014, 31 Oct 2014, 28 November 2014, 31 August 2015 and 21 March 2016, 17 June 2016, 30 June 2016, 2 September 2016 and 23 September 2016, 30 September 2016, 30 December 2016 and 28 December 2017 (together the "Prospectus"), the Sub-Fund may or may not hold all the Index Shares of the relevant Underlying Index and the Manager of the Sub-Fund may overweight certain of the Index Shares relative to the relevant Index Shares' respective weightings in the relevant Underlying Index on the condition that the maximum extra weighting in any Index Share will not exceed 4% or such other percentage as determined by the Manager of the Sub-Fund after consultation with the SFC.

The Manager and Trustee of the Sub-Fund have confirmed that the Sub-Fund has complied with this limit during the year.

Constituent securities that account for more than 10% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund as at year end were as follows:

	Respective we	ighting in the			
	Index (%)		% of net a	% of net asset value	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
China Construction Bank Corp	10.19	-	10.16	-	
Bank of China Ltd	9.69	10.06	9.66	10.01	
HSBC Holdings Plc	9.92	10.52	9.88	10.48	
Total	29.80	20.58	29.70	20.49	

Except as disclosed above, there were no other securities that individually accounted for more than 10% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2017 and 2016.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the CSI HK Dividend Index increased by 48.01% (2016: decreased by 1.30%), while the net asset value per unit of the Sub-Fund increased by 48.42% (2016: decreased by 1.22%).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Risk Management

The Sub-Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unitholders value. Risk is inherent in the Sub-Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risks limits and other controls. The process of risk management is critical to the Sub-Fund's continuing profitability. The Sub-Fund is exposed to market risk (which includes currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk arising from the financial instruments they hold. Please refer to note 1 for details of the investment objective and policies of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund's Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The board of directors of the Manager supervises the Manager of the Sub-Fund and is ultimately responsible for the overall risk management approach within the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund itself is subject to various risks. The main risks associated with the investments, assets and liabilities of the Sub-Fund is set out below:

(a) Market risk

(i) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Sub-Fund will directly invest in substantially all of the constituent securities of the CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index ("Index Shares") in substantially the same weighting (i.e. proportions) as these Index Shares have in the underlying index. The Sub-Fund is therefore exposed to substantially the same market price risk as the CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index. CSI HK Dividend Index consists of 30 constituent securities listed on the SEHK. HK Dividend ETF is therefore relatively concentrated in a limited number of stocks. The HK Dividend ETF is likely to be more volatile than a fund tracking an index with a greater number of constituent stocks, as the adverse performance of a constituent stock will have a greater impact on the value of the HK Dividend ETF.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
 - (i) Market price risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2017 and 2016, the Sub-Fund's investments was concentrated in the following industries.

	2017		201	6	
		% of net		% of net	
	Fair value	asset value	Fair value	asset value	
	HK\$		HK\$		
Equities - By Sectors					
Basic Materials	572,460	0.45	2,893,471	3.40	
Communications	-	-	10,259,840	12.04	
Consumer, Cyclical	8,933,938	7.07	11,743,667	13.79	
Consumer, Non-cyclical	-	-	6,069,284	7.12	
Energy	17,625,300	13.94	-	-	
Financial	92,432,083	73.12	47,612,676	55.90	
Industrial	1,445,560	1.14	-	-	
Technology	1,887,480	1.49	-	-	
Utilities	3,064,135	2.43	6,641,614	7.80	
	125,960,956	99.64	85,220,552	100.05	
	=======	=======	=======	======	

Sensitivity analysis in the event of a possible change in the index by 5% as estimated by the Manager of the Sub-Fund

As at 31 December 2017, if the CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index was to increase by 5% with all other variables held constant, this would increase the pre-tax profit for the year of the Sub-Fund by approximately HK\$6 million (2016: HK\$4 million). Conversely, if such Index was to decrease by 5% this would decrease the pre-tax profit for the year by approximately equal amounts.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
 - (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument or future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Manager of the Sub-Fund considers that the Sub-Fund is not subject to significant amount of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rate.

As the Sub-Fund has no investments in fixed income assets, the Manager of the Sub-Fund considers that changes in their fair value in the event of a change in market interest rates will not be material. Therefore, no sensitivity analysis has been disclosed.

(iii)Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Sub-Fund has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from purchases and sales of financial instruments by operating units in currencies other than the Sub-Fund's functional currency.

The Sub-Fund holds assets which are mainly denominated in HK\$, the functional currency. As such, there is no significant currency risk at the Sub-Fund's level.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

(b) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit and counterparty risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentrations of counterparty risk consist principally of bank deposits and assets held with the custodian. The table below summarises the credit rating from Standard and Poor's of banks and custodians in which the Sub-Fund's assets are held as at 31 December 2017 and 2016.

31 December 2017

	Credit rating	Net exposure to Counterparties HK\$	% of Net Asset Value
Custodian & Bank The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	A	126,694,004	100.22
31 December 2016			
	Credit rating	Net exposure to Counterparties HK\$	% of Net Asset Value
Custodian & Bank			
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	A	85,427,853	100.29

The Maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of the assets as shown on the statement of financial position.

The Manager of the Sub-Fund considers that none of these assets are impaired nor past due as at 31 December 2017.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Sub-Fund's policy is to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed.

The Sub-Fund's listed securities are considered readily realisable, as all of its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

The tables below analyse the Sub-Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 31 December 2017	No fixed		1 to 3	> 3 to 12	
	maturity	<1 month	months	months	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Financial assets					
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	125,960,956	_	-	-	125,960,956
Dividend receivable	-	76,154	-	-	76,154
Cash and cash equivalents	-	733,048	-	-	733,048
Total	125,960,956	809,202			126,770,158
Financial liabilities					
Management fee payable	-	57,840	-	-	57,840
Trustee fee payable	-	37,000	-	-	37,000
Accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities	-	13,954	-	240,063	254,017
Total		108,794		240,063	348,857
				=======	=======================================

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2016	No fixed maturity	<1 month	1 to 3 months	> 3 to 12 months	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Financial assets					
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	85,220,552	-	-	-	85,220,552
Dividend receivable	-	104,723	-	-	104,723
Cash and cash equivalents	-	207,301	-	-	207,301
Total	85,220,552	312,024			85,532,576
Financial liabilities					
Management fee payable	-	40,462	-	-	40,462
Trustee fee payable	-	37,000	-	-	37,000
Accounts payable and					
accrued liabilities	-	11,671	-	264,571	276,242
Total	-	89,133	-	264,571	353,704

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

(d) Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments.

	Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2017 and 2016				
As at 31 December 2017	Quoted prices in active markets Level 1 HK\$	Significant observable inputs Level 2 HK\$	unobservable inputs	Total HK\$	
As at 31 December 2017					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Listed equity securities	125,960,956	_	_	125,960,956	
As at 31 December 2016					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Listed equity securities	85,220,552			85,220,552	

(e) Capital management

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The Sub-Fund strives to invest the subscriptions of redeemable participating units in investments that meet the Sub-Fund's investment objective while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholder redemptions.

The Manager of the Sub-Fund manages the capital of the Sub-Fund, in accordance with the Sub-Fund's investment objectives and policies stated in the prospectus.

(A SUB-FUND OF PING AN OF CHINA TRUST)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2017

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Manager of the Sub-Fund makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Sub-Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager of the Sub-Fund considers that the Sub-Fund has a single operating segment, which is investing in securities. The objective of the Sub-Fund is to track the performance of its respective index and invest in substantially all the index constituents with security weight and industry weight that are closely aligned to the characteristics of the tracked index.

The internal financial information used by the Manager of the Sub-Fund for the Sub-Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is the same as that disclosed in the statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The Sub-Fund is domiciled in Hong Kong. All of the Sub-Fund's income is from investments in securities which constitute its tracked index. The Sub-Fund's investments could not be categorised by relevant geography and no geographical information for performance is provided.

The Sub-Fund has portfolios that closely correspond to the security weight and industry weight of its tracked index.

17. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund on 30 April 2018.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2017

	Holdings Shares	Market Value HK\$	% of NAV
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Listed investments			
China (76.28%)			
Agile Group Holdings Ltd	80,000	948,800	0.75
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd	1,563,000	5,689,320	4.50
Bank of China Ltd	3,180,452	12,212,936	9.66
Bank of Communications Co Ltd	534,000	3,097,200	2.45
BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd	215,000	8,514,000	6.74
China Cinda Asset Management Co Ltd	345,000	986,700	0.78
China Construction Bank Corp	1,784,000	12,844,800	10.16
China Merchants Bank Co Ltd	233,500	7,261,850	5.74
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp	1,298,000	7,437,540	5.88
China Power International Development Ltd	228,000	467,400	0.37
China Resources Power Holdings Co Ltd	98,000	1,426,880	1.13
CNOOC Ltd	908,000	10,187,760	8.06
Country Garden Holdings Co Ltd	541,000	8,060,900	6.38
Guangzhou R&F Properties Co Ltd	51,600	909,192	0.72
Huaneng Power International Inc	238,746	1,169,855	0.93
Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Ltd	2,002,000	12,592,580	9.96
KWG Property Holding Ltd	80,059	730,939	0.58
Lenovo Group Ltd	428,000	1,887,480	1.49
		96,426,132	76.28
Great Britain (9.88%)			
HSBC Holdings Plc	156,263	12,493,227	9.88
(42.400)			
Hong Kong (13.48%)	1.52.000	715.020	0.55
CIFI Holdings Group Co Ltd	152,000	715,920	0.57
Kingboard Laminates Holdings Ltd	47,000	572,460	0.45
Li & Fung Ltd	302,000	1,295,580	1.02
Logan Property Holdings Co Ltd	84,000	678,720	0.54
Man Wah Holdings Ltd	77,288	574,250	0.45
New World Development Co Ltd	300,000	3,522,000	2.79
Sands China Ltd	123,200	4,971,120	3.93
Shimao Property Holdings Ltd	69,000	1,173,000	0.93
SJM Holdings Ltd	115,000	805,000	0.64

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (unaudited) (continued)

As at 31 December 2017

	Holdings Shares	Market Value HK\$	% of NAV
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (contin	nued)	ШХФ	
Listed investments (continued)			
Hong Kong (13.48%) (continued)			
Xinyi Glass Holdings Co Ltd	142,000	1,445,560	1.14
Yue Yuen Industrial Holdings Ltd	41,954	1,287,987	1.02
		17,041,597	13.48
TOTAL EXPOSURE		125,960,956	99.64
TOTAL INVESTMENTS, AT COST		117,758,449	

MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (unaudited)

For the year ended 31 December 2017

INVESTMENTS	Holdings As at 1 January 2017	Additions	Corporate Action	Disposals	Holdings As at 31 December 2017
Financial assets at fair value through pr	ofit or loss				
Listed investments					
Agile Group Holdings Ltd	-	80,000	-	-	80,000
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd	-	1,563,000	-	-	1,563,000
Bank of China Ltd	2,478,452	702,000	-	-	3,180,452
Bank of Communications Co Ltd	-	534,000	-	-	534,000
Beijing Capital Land Ltd	222,633	-	-	(222,633)	-
BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd	-	215,000	-	-	215,000
Champion REIT	506,563	-	-	(506,563)	-
China Cinda Asset Management Co Ltd	-	345,000	-	-	345,000
China Construction Bank Corp	-	1,784,000	-	-	1,784,000
China Evergrande Group	894,593	_	-	(894,593)	-
China Hongqiao Group Ltd	322,003	_	-	(322,003)	-
China Merchants Bank Co Ltd	-	233,500	-	-	233,500
China Petroleum & Chemical Corp	-	1,298,000	-	-	1,298,000
China Power International Development					
Ltd	-	228,000	-	-	228,000
China Resources Power Holdings Co Ltd	-	98,000	-	-	98,000
CIFI Holdings Group Co Ltd	592,000	-	-	(440,000)	152,000
CNOOC Ltd	_	908,000	-	-	908,000
Country Garden Holdings Co Ltd	-	541,000	-	-	541,000
Fortune Real Estate Investment Trust					·
REIT	334,717	_	-	(334,717)	-
Giordano International Ltd	272,000	-	-	(272,000)	-
Guangzhou R&F Properties Co Ltd	222,800	-	-	(171,200)	51,600
HSBC Holdings Plc	143,463	12,800	-	_	156,263
Huadian Power International Corp Ltd	374,000	-	-	(374,000)	-
Huaneng Power International Inc	1,036,746	_	_	(798,000)	238,746
Hui Xian Real Estate Investment Trust	603,000	_	_	(603,000)	-
Industrial & Commercial Bank of China	,			(,,	
Ltd	_	2,002,000	-	_	2,002,000
Jiangsu Expressway Co Ltd	270,067	-	_	(270,067)	-
Kingboard Laminates Holdings Ltd	-	47,000	_	-	47,000
KWG Property Holding Ltd	333,559	-	_	(253,500)	80,059
Lenovo Group Ltd		428,000	_	-	428,000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0,000			0,000

MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (unaudited) (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2017

INVESTMENTS	Holdings				Holdings
	As at 1 January 2017	Additions	Corporate Action	Disposals	As at 31 December 2017
Financial assets at fair value through p	orofit or loss (co	ontinued)			
Listed investments (continued)					
Li & Fung Ltd	-	302,000	-	-	302,000
Link REIT	166,034	_	-	(166,034)	_
Logan Property Holdings Co Ltd	-	84,000	-	-	84,000
Man Wah Holdings Ltd	335,688	-	-	(258,400)	77,288
NagaCorp Ltd	324,728	-	-	(324,728)	-
New World Development Co Ltd	-	300,000	-	-	300,000
Pacific Textiles Holdings Ltd	159,128	-	-	(159,128)	-
PCCW Ltd	1,018,357	-	-	(1,018,357)	-
Sands China Ltd	-	123,200	-	-	123,200
Shenzhen Expressway Co Ltd	163,817	-	-	(163,817)	-
Shenzhen Investment Ltd	672,006	-	-	(672,006)	-
Shimao Property Holdings Ltd	-	69,000	-	-	69,000
SJM Holdings Ltd	-	115,000	-	-	115,000
Television Broadcasts Ltd	77,587	-	-	(77,587)	-
Texwinca Holdings Ltd	182,442	-	-	(182,442)	-
VTech Holdings Ltd	38,614	-	-	(38,614)	-
Xinyi Glass Holdings Co Ltd	-	142,000	-	-	142,000
Yingde Gases Group Co Ltd	243,000	-	-	(243,000)	-
Yue Yuen Industrial Holdings Ltd	181,954	-	-	(140,000)	41,954
Yuexiu Real Estate Investment Trust	438,785	-	-	(438,785)	-
Yuzhou Properties Co Ltd	341,039	-	-	(341,039)	-
Zhejiang Expressway Co Ltd	315,746	-	-	(315,746)	-

PERFORMANCE RECORD (unaudited)

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Net asset value attributable to unitholders

		HK\$
31 December 2017		126,421,301
31 December 2016		85,178,872
31 December 2015		97,012,364
Net asset value per unit		
		HK\$
31 December 2017		31.6053
31 December 2016		21.2947
31 December 2015		21.5583
Highest and lowest net asset value per unit		
	Highest HK\$	Lowest HK\$
Financial year ended 31 December 2017	32.5002	21.4145
Financial year ended 31 December 2016	23.7096	18.8529
Financial year ended 31 December 2015	26.1078	20.3196
Financial year ended 31 December 2014	23.8615	19.9335
Financial year ended 31 December 2013	24.0640	20.8996
Financial period ended 31 December 2012	21.8935	18.2448

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UNDERLYING INDEX CONSTITUENT STOCKS DISCLOSURE (unaudited)

31 December 2017

Constituent stocks of more than 10% of the weighting of the respective Underlying Indices as at 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016 are listed below.

As at 31 December 2017

The Underlying Indices of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF, namely CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index, consisted of constituent stocks that accounted for more than 10% of the index as at 31 December 2017 as shown below.

Weighting in index (%)

CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index

China Construction Bank Corp

10.19%

As at 31 December 2016

The Underlying Indices of Ping An of China CSI HK Dividend ETF, namely CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index, consisted of constituent stocks that accounted for more than 10% of the index as at 31 December 2016 as shown below.

Weighting in index (%)

CSI Hong Kong Dividend Index

Bank of China Ltd
HSBC Holdings Plc
10.06%
10.52%